Characteristics of effective teaching and learning are: Playing and Exploring; Active Learning; and Creating and Thinking Critically.

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| EYFS Statutory Requirements | Key Skills in EYFS | Early Learning Goals | Continuous Provision |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

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## EYFS Statutory Requirements <br> Personal, Social and Emotional Development (prime area)

## Making relationships

Sel $_{f}$-confidence and sel ${ }_{f}$ awareness

## Managing feelings and

## behaviour

This involves helping children to develop a positive sense of themselves, and others; to form positive relationships and develop respect for others; to develop social skills and learn how to manage their feelings; to understand appropriate behaviour in groups; and to have confidence in their own abilities.

| Key Skills in EYFS |
| :--- | :--- |
| Play co-operatively, taking | turns.

Listen to the ideas of others.
Show sensitivity to others.
Form positive relationships.
Try new activities with confidence
Speak to others.
Ask for help.

Talk about feelings.
Talk about behaviour.
Describe behaviour that is
wrong.
Work as part of a group or
class.
Follow rules.
Adapt behaviour for the situation.
Accept changes to rouline.

| Early Learning Goals | Continuous Provision |
| :---: | :---: |
| Children play co-operatively, taking turns with others. They take account of one another's ideas about how to organise their activity. They show sensilivity to others' needs and feelings and form positive | Well-resourced environment indoors and ouldoors <br> Area are clearly labelled, and most resources are organised to allow children to access them independently Children's work is displayed in the | relalionships with adulls and other children.

Children are confident to try new activities and say why they like some activities more than others. They are confident to speak in a familiar group, will talk about heir ideas, and will choose the resources they need for their chosen activities. They say when they do or don't need help. Children talk about how they and others show feelings, talk about their own and others' behaviour, and its consequences, and know that some behaviour is unacceptable. They work as part of a group or class and understand and follow the rules. They adjust their behaviour to different stituations and take changes og routine in their stride.

Positive behaviour management- reward bags, team points, head teacher awards, attendance cup, Superstar Slicker books, Behaviour posters on display in
classrooms
School rules displayed
Class rules displayed

| Planned Activities - Reception |
| :--- |
| Week I Pancake Day <br> How can we show courage? Link to princess in Zog story. <br> Week 2 How can we share worries? Read A Huge bag of worries and discuss. <br> Week 3 Celebrating Holi colour run - charity collection <br> Week 4. Celebrating Mother's Day - saying thank you. <br> Week 5 Story of George and the dragon -dragons in ancient stories can <br> represent worries and fears. <br> Week 6 Celebrating Easter - Hinking of the Christian symbol of the cross. <br> Visit Oldbury Church <br> Week 7 No School <br> Week 8 No school <br> Outcome <br> What charities do we support as a school? How does our school help people in <br> the global community? As a school community, how do we show our core values?$\|$cor |

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| EYFS Statutory Requirements | Key Skills in EYFS | Early Learning Goals | Continuous Provision | Planned Activities - Reception |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Literacy | Read and understand simple sentences. <br> Use phonic knowledge to decode regular words. <br> Read some common irregular words. <br> Demonstrate to others an understanding of reading. <br> Use phonic knowledge to write words. <br> Write some irregular common words. <br> Write simple sentences. <br> Spell some words correctly. <br> Spell some words in a | Children read and understand simple sentences. They use phonic knowledge to decode regular words and read them aloud accurately. They also read some common irregular words. They demonstrate understanding when talking with others about what they have read <br> Children use their phonic knowledge to write words in ways which match their spoken sounds. They also write some irregular common words. They write simple sentences which can be read by themselves and others. Some words are spelt correctly, and others are phonetically plausible. | Recognising name on signing-in hand (Nursery), lockers and name cards Alphabet displayed in classroom and referenced daily <br> Daily phonics (Reception) <br> On-going phase I phonics (Nursery) <br> Reading corner and book box <br> Daily story time <br> Literacy word wall (Reception) <br> Labels on displays and resources <br> Mark making equipment indoors and outdoors | Week I Phase 3 phonics tricky words phase 2 to spell /tricky words to read Read Zog |
| (specific area) |  |  |  | Week 2 Phase 3 phonics tricky words phase 2 to spell/ tricky words to read Favourite part of story |
| Reading |  |  |  | Week 3 Phase 3 phonics tricky words phase 2 to spell/ tricky words to read Recount weekend news <br> List of objects in dr bag |
| Writing |  |  |  | Week 4 Phase 3 phonics tricky words phase 2 to spell/ tricky words to read Recount weekend news <br> Describing a dragon |
| This involves encouraging children to link sounds and |  |  |  | Week 5 Phase 3 phonics tricky words phase 2 to spell/ tricky words to read Recount weekend news <br> Rhyming words |
| letters and to begin to read and write. Children must be |  |  |  | Week 6 Phase 3 phonics /tricky words to read and spell Recount weekend news Fairy tale maps |
| given access to a wide |  |  |  | Week 7 No school |
| range of reading materials |  |  |  | Week 8 No school |
| written materials) to ignite their interest. |  |  |  | Outcome <br> Be able to read simple words/captions/sentences using phonic knowledge. Be able to write a simple sentence with support and independently To be able to sequence events. |

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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mathematics <br> (specific area) | Count reliably with numbers from I to 20 <br> Place numbers from I to 20 in order <br> Represent numbers <br> Add and subtract <br> Solve problems <br> Use measurements Recognise, create and describe patterns Describe objects and shapes | Children count reliably with numbers from one to 20, place them in order and say which number is one more or one less than a given number. Using quantities and objects, they add and subbract two single-digit numbers and count on or back to find the answer. They solve problems including doubling, halving and sharing. <br> Children use everyday language to talk about size, weight, capacity. position, distance, lime and money to compare quantities and objects and to solve problems. <br> They recognise, create and describe patterns. They explore characteristics of everyday objects and shapes and use mathematical language to describe them | Classrooms have maths area with maths equipment readily available. Number lines are displayed in classrooms and outside. Visual timetable. <br> Days of the week on display in Reception. <br> Maths working wall with relevant vocab in Reception. <br> The children sing number songs and rhymes. <br> Problem solving activities. <br> Mathematical terms and language are modelled by adults. <br> A variety of 2 D and 3 D shapes are available. <br> Birthday displays in Nursery and Reception. <br> Birthday calendar on display in Nursery and Reception. | Week I counting reliably numerals to 20 Sorting pancakes by size <br> Halving pancakes to share between 2 |
|  |  |  |  | Week 2 Investigating symmetry Addition counting on |
| Numbers |  |  |  | Week 3 add and subtract two single digit numbers and count backwards and forwards to find the answer. <br> Number block ten Green bottles |
| Shape, space and measures |  |  |  | Week 4 Sublraction by counting back Solid shapes building models of castles |
| This involves providing children with opportunities |  |  |  | Week 5 Estimating and counting activities 2d shape pictures and patterns |
| to develop and improve their skills in counting. |  |  |  | Week 6 measure short periods of time what can I do in a minute ? Day/night pictures |
| understanding and using |  |  |  | Week 7 No school |
|  |  |  |  | Week 8 No school |
| problems; and to describe shapes, spaces and measure. |  |  |  | Outcome <br> To be able to find I more and lless than a given number to 10/20. <br> In practical activities begin to use the language of addition and subbraction To use familiar objects and common shapes to make symmetrical patterns and build models. <br> Use everyday language to talk about time. |

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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Understanding the <br> World <br> (specific area) <br> People and communities <br> The world <br> Technology <br> This involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community through opportunities to explore, observe and find out about people, places, technology and the environment. | Talk about past and present events <br> Show sensilivity to the likes and dislikes of others <br> Know the similarities and differences between <br> themselves and others <br> Learn in familiar places <br> Observe and describe <br> environments <br> Recognise the uses of <br> technology <br> Use technology for a purpose | Children talk about past and present events in their own lives and in the lives of family members. They know that other children don't always enjoy the same things and are sensitive to this. They know about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions. Children know about similarities and differences in relation to places, objects, materials and living things. They talk about the features of their own immediate environment and how environments might vary from one another. They make observations of animals and plants and explain why some things occur and talk about changes. <br> Children recognise that a range of technology is used in places such as homes and schools. They select and use technology for particular purposes. | Christmas Celebrations and traditions Harvest Festival (Reception) <br> Diwali <br> Celebration of children's birthdays <br> Visitors into school <br> Visits to the local community <br> (Reception) <br> Woodland School - weekly <br> Link with Mandinary School in the <br> Gambia <br> Globes and world maps inside and outside <br> Small world toys to explore other environments <br> iPads and IWB/Smartboard <br> Beebots <br> Remote controlled cars <br> Communication headsets <br> Easi-speak microphones <br> Rechargeable torches <br> Talk buttons (Nursery) | Week I People who help us Doctors <br> Look at change making popocorn at Woodland School |
|  |  |  |  | Week 2 investigating the Hindu Aum symbal |
|  |  |  |  | Week 3 Hindu festival Holi and colour run |
|  |  |  |  | Week 4 Investigating and exploring with magnets |
|  |  |  |  | Week 5 investigating different fabrics to make an outfil for a party Making maps at Woodland School |
|  |  |  |  | Week 6 Programme Beebots to travel around Fairy tale land Think about Easter and the symbol of the cross. |
|  |  |  |  | Week 7 No school |
|  |  |  |  | Week 8 No school |
|  |  |  |  | Outcome <br> To be able to talk about different celebrations. To be able to talk about symbols and their meanings <br> To be able to talk about how things change and ask questions about how magnets work? |

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